

PBC-003-103002

Seat No. _____

B. Sc. (Sem. III) (CBCS) Examination

November / December - 2018

Physics: Paper - 301

(New Course)

Faculty Code: 003

Subject Code: 103002

Tim	e: 2	$\frac{1}{2}$ Hours] [Total Marks:	70
1	(a)	Give the correct answers of following questions: (1) Define Scalar quantity. (2) Div (Curl f) = (3) $\vec{A} \cdot (\vec{B} \times \vec{C}) =$ of the parallellopiped.	4
		(4) The net outward flux of some vector quantity through a closed surface can be represented by which quantity?	
	(b)	Answer in brief: (any one)	2
		 (1) Find the gradient of f(x, y, z) = x³ + y⁴ + z². (2) Find the divergence of F(x, y) = 4x²î + 4yĵ. 	
	(c)	Answer in detail : (any one)	3
		(1) Explain the vector triple product.(2) Explain the divergence of vector field.	
	(d)	Write a note on following: (any one)(1) Explain in detail how vector transform from one system to another system.	5
		(2) Explain the fundamental theorems of curls.	
2	(a)	Give the correct answers of following questions: (1) State the Coulomb's law. (2) What is the unit of electric flux?	4
		(3) $\nabla \times \vec{E} = \underline{\qquad}$	

(4) Write the Poisson's equation.

- (b) Answer in brief: (any one)
 - (1) A uniformly charged sphere has a total charge of 200 μ C and radius of 4 cm. Find the electric field intensity at a point 20 cm away from the center of the sphere.
 - (2) Calculate the divergence of the electric field given by $5\hat{i} y\hat{j} z\hat{k}$.
- (c) Answer in detail: (any one)

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- (1) Discuss the curl of E.
- (2) Explain the energy of a point charge distribution.
- (d) Write a note on following: (any one)

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- Derive the Gauss's law in differential and integral form.
- (2) Explain the electric field due to a uniformly charged thin spherical shell.
- **3** (a) Give the correct answers of following questions:
 - (1) If a charged particle moves in a magnetic field, whether potential energy changes, do you agree? (Yes / No)
 - (2) Write the formula for Ampere's law in differential form.
 - (3) If equal currents are passing through two very long and straight parallel wires in same directions, what happens between them?
 - (4) If a point charge is in motion, can we apply Biot-Savart law to find out the value of current?
 - (b) Answer in brief: (any one)

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(1) Calculate the magnitude of the magnetic field due to a long thin wire carrying current of 20 Amp at a distance of 4 cm from the wire.

$$\left(\mu_0 = 4\pi \times 10^{-7} N / A^2\right)$$

(2) A particle having 4 Coulomb charge passes through magnetic field at $4\hat{k}T$ and some uniform electric field with velocity $25 \hat{j}$. If the Lorentz force acting on it is $400\hat{i} N$. Find the electric field in this region.

- 3 (c) Answer in detail : (any **one**) Discuss the straight - line currents by using Biot (1) - Savart Law. Explain: Divergence of magnetic field B. Write a note on following: (any one) 5 (d) (1) Give the quantitative explanation of cycloid motion. What is Ampere's Law? Find out the magnetic field inside a long solenoid using Ampere's Circuital law. Give the correct answers of following questions: 4 (a) Define dielectrics. (1) (2) What is the susceptibility of wood in vacuum? What happens when paramagnetic material place in external magnetic field? What is the unit of Permeability? 2 (b) Answer in brief: (any one) When you polarize a neutral dielectric, charge moves a bit but the total charge remains zero. This fact should be reflected in the bound charges σ_h and ρ_b . Prove that the total bound charge vanishes. An infinitely long circular cylinder carries a uniform magnetization \overrightarrow{M} , parallel to its axis. Find the magnetic field due to \overrightarrow{M} , inside the cylinder. Answer in detail : (any one) 3 (c) **(1)** Discuss Gauss's law in the presence of dielectric. Explain the magnetization of material. Write a note on following: (any one) 5 (d)
 - (1) Discuss the alignment of polar molecules.

 (2) Explain the magnetic field on atomic arbits w
 - (2) Explain the magnetic field on atomic orbits with necessary equations.

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- 5 (a) Give the correct answers of following questions: 4
 - (1) What is transistor biasing?
 - (2) What is active region in transistor?
 - (3) If output has been taken across R_c , whether phase reversal take place or not ?
 - (4) What is a. c. load line?
 - (b) Answer in brief: (any one)
 - (1) A Germanium transistor is to be operated at zero signal I_c = 2 mA. The collector supply V_{cc} = 20V, calculate the value of R_B in base transistor method. (β = 100)
 - (2) Calculate the voltage gain for transistor amplifier having $R_c=3K\Omega$, $R_L=2K\Omega$, $R_{in}=2K\Omega$ and $\beta=100$.
 - (c) Answer in detail : (any one)
 - (1) Discuss biasing with Emitter bias method.
 - (2) Explain bandwidth of single stage transistor amplifier.
 - (d) Write a note on following: (any one)
 - (1) Discuss base resistor method of transistor biasing in detail.
 - (2) Explain d. c. and a. c. load line analysis for the single stage transistor amplifier.

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